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By the QUEEN,

A PROCLAMATION.

ANNE R.

WE being informed, That the Streets and Paſſages leading through our Cities of London and Weſtminſter, and Suburbs thereof, have been filled of late with great Numbers of Looſe, Idle and Diſorderly Perſons, who reſort thither in Crouds, and in a riotous Tumultuous manner offer Violence to the Perſons and Coaches of divers of our Liege Subjects, whoſe lawful Occaſions require them to paſs and repaſs the ſame, which at this Time greatly tends to the obſtruction of the Courſe of Juſtice in our High Court of Parliament; and that among theſe diſorderly Rabble there are divers Papiſts, Perſons diſaffected to our Government, who have never taken any Oaths appointed by Law to be taken, to bear Faith and true Allegiance to us; but in open Defiance of our Regal Authority, as Enemies of our Crown and Dignity, have ſo far tranſgreſſed the known Laws of this Land, as in a rebellious manner to appear in many Places of our ſaid Cities and Suburbs, bearing Weapons in their Hands, and with force breaking open and entring divers Houſes and Edifices belonging to our Subjects in ſeveral Parts of our ſaid Cities and Suburbs: And having received an humble Addreſs from our Commons of Great Britain, in Parliament aſſembled, expreſſing their juſt Deteſtation and Abhorrence of theſe Wicked, Seditious and Traiterous Practices; and beſeeching us, that we would be graciouſly pleaſed to take effectual meaſures to Suppreſs theſe Tumults, ſet up and fomented by Papiſts, Nonjurors, and other Enemies to our Title and Government as aforeſaid, and to iſſue forth our Royal Proclamation, promiſing a Reward to ſuch as ſhall diſcover and ſeize theſe Incendiaries as have been the Occaſion of the ſaid late Tumults and Diſorders: We taking the Premiſſes into our Royal Conſideration, by the Advice of our Privy Council, and in purſuance of the ſaid humble Addreſs of our ſaid Commons in this preſent Parliament aſſembled, have thought fit to put forth this our Royal Proclamation, to declare, That all ſuch Rioters, Traytors, and Rebels, and all their Accomplices, Adherents, Abettors and Adviſers, ſhall be forthwith Proceeded againſt according to the utmoſt Severity of Law. And we do hereby ſtrictly charge and require all our good Subjects to uſe their utmoſt Endeavours to Seize and Apprehend the Perſons of all ſuch Rioters, Traitors and Rebels, and their Accomplices, and to ſecure the ſame in ſafe Cuſtody, until our further Pleaſure ſhall be known. And we do hereby promiſe and declare, that whoever ſhall diſcover any ſuch Incendiaries as have been the Occaſion of the late Tumults and Diſorders, or have been active in exciting, and ſtirring up the ſame, ſo as he or they may be brought to Juſtice, ſhall have and receive as a Reward for ſuch Diſcovery, the Sum of one hundred Pounds. And we do alſo ſtrictly charge and command all Papiſts, who ſhall be above the Age of ſixteen Years, that they do, according to the Statutes in that behalf made, repair to their reſpective Places of Abode, and do not thence remove or paſs above the diſtance of five Miles, until our Will and Pleaſure be further declared: And that all ſuch Papiſts, and Perſons reputed ſo to be (except Merchants, Traders, ſettled Houſholders, and other Perſons excepted in the Statutes made in this behalf) do, on or before the Eighth Day of this Inſtant March, depart out of our ſaid Cities and Suburbs of London and Weſtminſter, and from all Places diſtant ten Miles from the ſame. And we do hereby command the Lord Mayor of London, and all other Juſtices of the Peace, and other Officers within the ſaid Cities, and ten Miles from the ſame, that they make Search for, and proceed againſt all ſuch Papiſts, and other Perſons diſaffected to our Government, as they ſhall find, and be informed are not demeaning themſelves according to Law. And we do likewiſe command all Juſtices of the Peace, and other Officers in that behalf Authorized, to tender unto ſuch Perſon or Perſons as they ſhall find, or be informed are ſuſpected not to be well affected to our Government, the Oaths that are appointed by an Act made in the firſt Year of the Reign of their late Majeſties King William and Queen Mary, Intituled, [An Act for Abrogating the Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy, and Appointing other Oaths.] And in caſe any ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall refuſe to take the ſame, we do hereby direct and require due Proſecution to be made thereupon. And we do hereby ſtrictly charge and require all Deputy-Lieutenants, and Juſtices of the Peace, that they do frequently meet to inquire into, and inform themſelves of the Affairs of their reſpective Diſtricts in relation to the Premiſſes; and that they take eſpecial Care to preſerve the Peace, and prevent all unlawful Meetings and Riotous Aſſemblies; and that from time to time, they do give Informations of their Proceedings and Diſcoveries to the Lords of our Privy-Council. And we do likewiſe charge and command all Lord-Lieutenants, Deputy-Lieutenants, Sheriffs, Juſtices of the Peace, Mayors, Bayliffs, and all other our Officers Civil and Military, ſtrictly to put in Execution all Laws and Statutes whatſoever, now in force, againſt Treaſons, Traiterous Conſpiracies, Riots, Routs, unlawful Aſſemblies, and other Breaches of the Peace, and againſt ſuch Perſons as have refuſed, or ſhall refuſe to take the Oaths required by Law.

Given at our Court at St. *James's* this ſecond Day of *March*, In the Eighth Year of our Reign.

God Save the QUEEN.

Berlin, March 1. *N. S.* On Monday laſt the Duke of Courland began his Journey to Memel. When that Prince took leave of the Court, his Majeſty preſented him with a Purſe of one thouſand new coined Ducats. We are aſſured from Vienna, that Prince Eugene will come hither in his way to Holland, and we do not queſtion but his Preſence will determine the King to continue his Troops in Italy another Year. Monſieur Wyberg, who hath reſided ſome time at the Imperial Court as Envoy from the King of Denmark, arrived here laſt Tueſday in his way to Copenhagen. His Daniſh Majeſty had appointed Count Velo, an Italian, to ſucceed him at Vienna; but his Imperial Majeſty hath ſignified to the King of Denmark, that he was unwilling to receive the Count as his Miniſter, and deſired him to nominate another. His Pruſſian Majeſty hath accommodated the Differences between Count Erbach and Monſieur Boleſwin, concerning their Pretenſions to the Revenue of a Commandery after the Deceaſe of Monſieur Fleming, the preſent Poſſeſſor. His Majeſty hath determined that they ſhall divide the Income between them, as long as both ſhall live, and the Survivor ſhall enjoy the whole. Both are well ſatisfied with his Majeſty's Determination, and Count Erbach deſigns ſpeedily to return to his Command in Flanders. His Majeſty hath received Advice, that the Republick of Venice hath acknowledged his Title as King, and the Venetian Ambaſſador at the Hague is ſpeedily expected here to Compliment his Majeſty on this Occaſion. The Miniſter of Hanover hath received the King's Letter, requiring leave for the Paſſage of the Pruſſian Recruits into the Netherlands through the Dominions of his Electoral Highneſs.

Bruſſels,